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- (71) Applicant: DUPONT PHARMACEUTICALS COM-PANY [US/US]; Chestnut Run Plaza, 974 Centre Road, Wilmington, DE 19805 (US).
- (72) Inventors: PINTO, Donald, J.P.; 425 Brentford Road, Kennett Square, PA 19348 (US). QUAN, Mimi, L.; 113 Venus Drive, Newark, DE 19711 (US). WOERNER, Francis, J.; 241 Cornwell Drive, Bear, DE 19701 (US).
- (74) Agent: ROPER, David, J.; Dupont Pharmaceuticals Company, Legal Patent Records Center, 1007 Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19898 (US).

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#### TITLE

Heteroaryl-Phenyl Substituted Factor Xa Inhibitors

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof, which are inhibitors of trypsin-like serine protease enzymes, especially factor Xa, pharmaceutical compositions containing the same, and methods of using the same as anticoagulant agents for treatment and prevention of thromboembolic disorders.

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Activated factor Xa, whose major practical role is the generation of thrombin by the limited proteolysis of prothrombin, holds a central position that links the intrinsic and extrinsic activation mechanisms in the final common pathway of blood coaqulation. The generation of thrombin, the final serine protease in the pathway to generate a fibrin clot, from its precursor is amplified by formation of prothrombinase complex (factor Xa, factor V, Ca<sup>2+</sup> and phospholipid). Since it is calculated that one molecule of factor Xa can generate 138 molecules of thrombin (Elodi, S., Varadi, K.: Optimization of conditions for the catalytic effect of the factor IXa-factor VIII Complex: Probable role of the complex in the amplification of blood coagulation. Thromb. Res. 1979, 15, 617-629), inhibition of factor Xa may be more efficient than inactivation of thrombin in interrupting the blood coagulation system.

Therefore, efficacious and specific inhibitors of factor Xa are needed as potentially valuable therapeutic agents for the treatment of thromboembolic disorders. It is thus desirable to discover new factor Xa inhibitors.

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# SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of the present invention is to provide novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof that are useful as factor Xa inhibitors or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for treating thromboembolic disorders comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds for use in therapy.

It is another object of the present invention to provide the use of novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a thromboembolic disorder.

These and other objects, which will become apparent during the following detailed description, have been achieved by the inventors' discovery that the presently claimed heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, are effective factor Xa inhibitors.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS
[1] Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound of formula Ia, Ib, or Ic:

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or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

- ring  $D_1$  is selected from pyridine, pyrazine, pyridazine, and pyrimidine and is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;
- ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-3 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;
- 15 ring  $D_3$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring  $D_3$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;
- R is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>+</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>+</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

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- 15 G is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ , C(O), O,  $NR^3$ ,  $S(O)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(O)_pCH_2$ ,  $CH_2S(O)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(O)CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ , and  $CH_2CH_2S(O)_p$ ;

 $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $(CR^3R^{3a})_{1-5}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{0-2}CR^{3}=CR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{0-2}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{0-2}C\equiv C(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{0-2}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}C(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}C(0)O(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{12}$  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}C(O)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ , 25  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}C(O)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}OC(O)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}C(O)O(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}C(O)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}C(S)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}S(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)_{2}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},$  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}S(0)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}S(0)_{2}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W}$ , 30  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}S(0)_{2}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{12}$ , and  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}S(0)_{2}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{12}$ , wherein u + w total 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, provided that  $G_1$ does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH2N, NCH2O, or NCH2S bond with either group to which it is attached;

G<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, or a 5-10 membered heteroaryl consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S;

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M is isoxazoline, pyrazoline, isothiazoline, triazoline, tetrazoline, phenyl, or a 5-6 membered aromatic heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, and is substituted with -Z-A-B;

M is also substituted with 0-2 R<sup>1a</sup>;

- Z is selected from a bond,  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(0)_{2}(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}SO_{2}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3SO_{2}(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ , and  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3SO_{2}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ , wherein  $q + q^1$  total 0, 1, or 2, provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;

alternatively, when two  $R^{1a'}s$  are attached to adjacent atoms, together with the atoms to which they are attached they form a 5-7 membered ring consisting of: carbon atoms and 0-2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$ , this ring being substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$  and comprising: 0-3 double bonds;

- R<sup>1b</sup> is selected from H,  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl, F,  $C_{1}$ , Br, I,  $-C_{N}$ ,  $-C_{HO}$ ,  $(CF_{2})_{r}CF_{3}$ ,  $(CH_{2})_{r}OR^{2}$ ,  $NR^{2}R^{2a}$ ,  $C_{1}(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $OC_{1}(O)R^{2}$ ,  $(CF_{2})_{r}CO_{2}R^{2a}$ ,  $S_{1}(O)_{p}R^{2b}$ ,  $NR^{2}(CH_{2})_{r}OR^{2}$ ,  $C_{1}(CH_{2})_{r}OR^{2c}$ ,  $C_{1}(CH_{2})_{r}CR^{2c}$ ,  $C_{1}(CH_{2})_{r}CR^{2c$
- 20 R<sup>1c</sup> is selected from H, CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  $S(O)R^{2b}, S(O)_2R^{2b}, \text{ and } SO_2NR^2R^{2a};$
- R<sup>1d</sup> is selected from C<sub>3-13</sub> carbocycle substituted with 0-2

  R<sup>4a</sup>, and 5-13 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon
  atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group
  consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>,
  provided that R<sup>1d</sup> forms other than an N-N, N-S, or N-O
  bond;
- 30  $R^2$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ , and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the

group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $\mathbb{R}^{4b}$ ;

- $R^{2a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, phenethyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ , and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ ;
- R<sup>2b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy,
  C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted
  with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system
  comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms
  selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S
  substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

- R<sup>2c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue

  20 substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;
- 25 alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form a 5 or 6 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising carbon atoms and from 0-1 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S;
  - $R^3$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;

 $R^{3a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;

- $R^{3b}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;
  - $R^{3c}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;
- 10  $R^{3d}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl-phenyl, and  $C(=0)R^{3c}$ ;

#### A is selected from:

- C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>, and
  5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon
  atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group
  consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;
- B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B are attached to different atoms on A;
- X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}$ ,  $-CR^2(CR^2R^{2b})(CH_2)_{t-}$ ,  $-C(0)_{-}$ ,  $-C(=NR^{1c})_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2(NR^{1c}R^2)_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2(0R^2)_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2(SR^2)_{-}$ ,  $-C(0)CR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)$ ,  $-S_{-}$ ,  $-S(0)_{-}$ ,  $-S(0)_{2-}$ ,  $-SCR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-S(0)CR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-S(0)_{2}CR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_{2-}$ ,  $-S(0)_{2}NR^2_{-}$ ,  $-NR^2S(0)_{2}CR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_{2}NR^2_{-}$ ,  $-NR^2S(0)_{2}CR^2R^{2a}_{-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_{-}$ , -CR

#### Y is selected from:

C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and 5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

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- R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rF$ ,  $(CH_2)_rCl$ ,  $(CH_2)_rBr$ ,  $(CH_2)_rI$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_rCN$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NS(O)_2R^5)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(O)NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(O)_pR^5$ ,  $(CF_2)_rCF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-CF_3$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $N(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ , S-6 membered carbocycle substituted with O-1  $R^5$ , and S-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$  substituted with O-1  $R^5$ ;
- R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $(CF_2)_rCF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-CF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-F$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-Br$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-C1$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_rCN$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rN=CHOR^3$ ,  $C(O)NH(CH_2)_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $C(O)NHSO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $S(O)_pR^5$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ ;

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 $R^{4b}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-F$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-C1$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-Br$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-I$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_r-CN$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^3R^{3a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^3$ ,

 $(CH_2)_r C(0) OR^{3c}, NR^3 C(0) R^{3a}, C(0) NR^3 R^{3a}, NR^3 C(0) NR^3 R^{3a}, \\ C(=NR^3) NR^3 R^{3a}, NR^3 C(=NR^3) NR^3 R^{3a}, SO_2 NR^3 R^{3a}, NR^3 SO_2 NR^3 R^{3a}, \\ NR^3 SO_2 - C_{1-4} alkyl, NR^3 SO_2 CF_3, NR^3 SO_2 - phenyl, S(0)_p CF_3, \\ S(0)_p - C_{1-4} alkyl, S(0)_p - phenyl, (CH_2)_r CF_3, and (CF_2)_r CF_3;$ 

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- R<sup>5</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^3, \ F, \ Cl, \ Br, \ I, \ -CN, \ NO_2, \ -(CH_2)_rNR^3R^{3a},$   $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^3, \ (CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{3c}, \ NR^3C(0)R^{3a}, \ C(0)NR^3R^{3a},$   $NR^3C(0)NR^3R^{3a}, \ CH(=NOR^{3d}), \ C(=NR^3)NR^3R^{3a},$   $NR^3C(-NR^3)NR^3R^{3a}, \ SO_2NR^3R^{3a}, \ NR^3SO_2NR^3R^{3a},$   $NR^3SO_2NR^3R^{3a}, \ NR^3SO_2NR^3R^{3a}, \ NR^3SO_2NR^3R^{3a},$
- $\label{eq:nr3} NR^3C(=NR^3)NR^3R^{3a},\ SO_2NR^3R^{3a},\ NR^3SO_2NR^3R^{3a},\ NR^3SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^3SO_2CF_3$ ,  $NR^3SO_2$ -phenyl,  $S(O)_pCF_3$ ,  $S(O)_p-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $S(O)_p$ -phenyl,  $(CF_2)_rCF_3$ , phenyl substituted with 0-2  $R^6$ , naphthyl substituted with 0-2  $R^6$ , and benzyl substituted with 0-2  $R^6$ ;

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 $R^6$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ , halo,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $NHC(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ , and  $NR^2SO_2C_{1-4}$  alkyl;

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- $\mathbb{R}^7$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH,  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $\mathbb{C}_{6-10}$  aryloxy,  $\mathbb{C}_{6-10}$  aryloxycarbonyl,  $\mathbb{C}_{6-10}$  arylmethylcarbonyl,  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkylcarbonyloxy  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $\mathbb{C}_{6-10}$  arylcarbonyloxy  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $\mathbb{C}_{1-6}$  alkylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, and phenyl  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkoxycarbonyl;
- $R^8$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, and  $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

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alternatively,  $R^7$  and  $R^8$ , when attached to the same nitrogen, combine to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring

consisting of carbon atoms and 0-2 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(0)_p$ ;

- 5  $R^9$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, and  $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
  - n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;
- 10 m, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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- p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;
- r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;
- s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2; and,
- t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

[2] In a preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of

formula  $Ia_1-Ic_1$ , wherein:

ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from 0, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring  $D_3$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring  $D_3$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;

- 5 R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), \ N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2, \ CH_2NH_2, \ CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), \ CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2, \ CH_2CH_2NH_2, \ CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), \ and \ CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2;$
- 10  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$  thioalkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH$  ( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH$  ( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 15  $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 20  $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_{2}CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 25  $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ , C(0), O,  $NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(0)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(0)$ ,  $OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_pCH_2$ ,  $CH_2S(0)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(0)CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(0)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ , and  $CH_2CH_2S(0)_p$ , and provided that  $G_1$ -M form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond;

M is selected from the group:

J is O or S;

5 Ja is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>;

 $G_{1} \text{ is absent or is selected from } (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{1-3},\\ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}C(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}O(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},\\ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}C(0)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},\\ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}NR^{3}C(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},\\ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)_{2}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},\\ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, \text{ and } (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)_{2}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},\\ \text{wherein } u + w \text{ total } 0, 1, \text{ or } 2, \text{ provided that } G_{1} \text{ does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH_{2}N, NCH_{2}O, \text{ or NCH}_{2}S \text{ bond} \\ \text{with either group to which it is attached;}$ 

A is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2  $R^4$ ;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, 5 thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazoly1, 1,2,5-oxadiazoly1, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl, 10 benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl; 15 X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}$ , -C(0),  $-C(=NR^{1c})$ .  $-CR^{2}(NR^{1}CR^{2}) - , -C(0)CR^{2}R^{2}a - , -CR^{2}R^{2}aC(0) , -C(0)NR^{2} - ,$  $-NR^{2}C(0) -$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{2}CR^{2}R^{2}a -$ ,  $-NR^{2}C(0)CR^{2}R^{2}a -$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{2a}C(0)NR^{2}-$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{2a}NR^{2}C(0)-$ ,  $-NR^{2}C(0)NR^{2}-$ ,  $-NR^{2}-$ ,  $-NR^2CR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2$ , O,  $-CR^2R^{2a}O$ , and  $-OCR^2R^{2a}$ ; 20 Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2  $R^{4a}$ ; cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, 25 morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 30 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic heteroaryl ring systems:

$$R^{4a} \stackrel{N}{ \longrightarrow} R^{4a}, \qquad R^{4a} \stackrel{N}{ \longrightarrow}$$

K is selected from O, S, NH, and N;

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- In Z is selected from a bond,  $CH_2O$ ,  $OCH_2$ , NH,  $CH_2NH$ ,  $NHCH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ , C(O)NH, NHC(O),  $CH_2S(O)_2$ ,  $S(O)_2(CH_2)$ ,  $SO_2NH$ , and  $NHSO_2$ , provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;
- R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ , F, C1, Br, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(O)_pR^5$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $N(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ , S-6 membered carbocycle substituted with O-1  $R^5$ , and S-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and S-6 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O,
  - $R^{4a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $CF_3$ , F, Br, Cl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,

and  $S(0)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ ; and,

 $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{2c},\ NR^2C(0)R^{2b},\ C(0)NR^2R^{2a},\ NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}, \\ C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a},\ NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a},\ SO_2NR^2R^{2a},\ NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}, \\ NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}\ alkyl,\ NR^2SO_2R^5,\ C(0)NHSO_2-C_{1-4}\ alkyl, \\ S(0)_pR^5,\ 5-6\ membered\ carbocycle\ substituted\ with\ 0-1 \\ R^5,\ and\ 5-6\ membered\ heterocycle\ consisting\ of:\ carbon\ atoms\ and\ 1-4\ heteroatoms\ selected\ from\ the\ group\ consisting\ of\ N,\ O,\ and\ S(0)_p\ substituted\ with\ 0-1\ R^5.$ 

- 10 [3] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>1</sub> or Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein;
- ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system

  15 comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;
- R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl);
- $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
  - $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

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 $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and
heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;
phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,
pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole,
thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4oxadiazole, 1,2,5-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,3thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole,
1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole,

1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran, benzothiofuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone, benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, and isoindazole;

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- Z is selected from a bond,  $CH_2O$ ,  $OCH_2$ , NH,  $CH_2NH$ ,  $NHCH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ , C(O)NH, NHC(O),  $CH_2S(O)_2$ ,  $S(O)_2(CH_2)$ ,  $SO_2NH$ , and  $NHSO_2$ , provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;
- $R^4$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_TOR^2$ , F, C1, Br, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_TNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(0)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(0)_pR^5$ ,  $CF_3$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(0)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ ; and,
- R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, F, Br, Cl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>.

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[4] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula  $Ib_2$ :

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & M \\ \hline D_2 & U \\ \hline E & \end{array}$$

 $Ib_2$ 

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

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ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

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R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl);

15  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \ alkyl)$ , and  $N(C_{1-3} \ alkyl)_2$ ;

 $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:

 $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $OCH_2$ , NH,  $CH_2NH$ ,  $NHCH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ , C(O)NH, NHC(O),  $CH_2S(O)_2$ ,  $S(O)_2(CH_2)$ ,  $SO_2NH$ , and  $NHSO_2$ , provided that  $G_1$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached.

5

10 [5] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is selected from one of the formulas:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

G<sub>1</sub> is absent;

- 10 A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with  $0-2\ R^4$ ; and,
- B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>;
  - $R^2$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CH_3$ ,  $CH_2CH_3$ , cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutyl, and cyclopentyl;

R<sup>2a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;

alternatively,  $R^2$  and  $R^{2a}$ , together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form pyrrolidine substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$  or piperidine substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ :

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- $R^4$ , at each occurrence, is selected from OH,  $OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR^2$ , F, Br, Cl, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_NR^2R^{2a}$ , and  $(CF_2)CF_3$ ;

  - $R^{\mathrm{4b}}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CH_3$ , and  $OH_3$ ;
    - $R^5$ , at each occurrence, is selected from  $CF_3$ ,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, phenyl, and benzyl; and,
    - r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
- [6] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein;
  - A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 3-Cl-phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl; and,
  - B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,N-

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dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-
methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-
methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-
pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-
methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-
imidazolyl, 2-(methylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-
(cyclopropylmethyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-
(cycloputyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-
(cyclopentyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(4-
hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-
hydroxypyrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.
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- [7] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from the group:
  - 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
  - 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
- 25 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,Ndimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

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1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
5
         trifluoromethy1-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethy1-[1,1']-
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-
10
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-
15
         dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-
20
         [1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
25
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-
         dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
30
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-
         [1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
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1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-
         dimethylamino)methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-
         fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
5
    1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-
         fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
10
         sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N, N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
15
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
20
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N, N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
25 ·
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
30
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
```

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2' [(dimethylamino)methyl]-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide;

- 5 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide; and,
- 10 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula  $Ia_1-Ic_1$ , wherein:

20

- ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;
- ring  $D_3$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system

  comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring  $D_3$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;

5

 $R^{a}$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$  thioalkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;

10

 $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;

15

 $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3})$ alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ; and,

20

25

 $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ , C(0), O,  $NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_D$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(0)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(0)$ ,  $OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(O)_{p}CH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}S(O)_{p}$ ,  $CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}$ ,  $C(O)CH_{2}CH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}C(O)CH_{2}$ ,  $CH_2CH_2C(O)$ ,  $OCH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_pCH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2S(0)_pCH_2$ , and  $CH_2CH_2S(0)_p$ , and provided that  $G_1-M$  form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond.

30

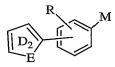
In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib1 or Ic1, wherein;

ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

5

- R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), \ N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2, \ CH_2NH_2, \ CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2;$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;
- 10  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>; and,
- $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula  ${\rm Ib}_2$ :



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 $Ib_2$ 

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

30 ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E

is selected from O, S, and  $N-R^C$  and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl}), and CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2;$ 

 $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>; and,

10

 ${\rm R}^{\rm b}$  is selected from H,  ${\rm C}_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  ${\rm C}_{1-3}$  alkoxy, NH2, NH(Cl-3 alkyl), N(Cl-3 alkyl)2, CH2NH2,  ${\rm CH}_2{\rm NH}\,({\rm C}_{1-3}\mbox{ alkyl})\mbox{, and }{\rm CH}_2{\rm N}\,({\rm C}_{1-3}\mbox{ alkyl})_2.$ 

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein  ${\tt M}$  is selected from the group:

J is O or S; and,

5 Ja is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein M is selected from the group:

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein M is selected from the group:

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein A is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, 10 pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 15 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, 20 benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with  $0-2\ R^4$ .

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 3-Cl-phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein:

B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B are attached to different atoms on A;

20 X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ , -C(O)-,  $-C(=NR^{1c})-$ ,  $-CR^2(NR^{1c}R^2)-$ ,  $-C(O)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(O)$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(O)NR^2-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2C(O)-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2-$ , O,  $-CR^2R^{2a}O-$ , and  $-OCR^2R^{2a}-$ ;

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Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>; cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,

35 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,

1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,

- 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
- 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,

benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic heteroaryl ring systems:

K is selected from O, S, NH, and N.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein:

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole, thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran, benzothiofuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone,

benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, and isoindazole.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidino-carbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-15 pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,Ndimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(Npyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-20 (methylaminomethyl) -1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl) aminomethyl) phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclobutyl) aminomethyl) phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclopentyl) aminomethyl) phenyl, 2-(N-(4hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-25 hydroxypyrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel pharmaceutical compositions, comprising: a

30 pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel method for treating or preventing a thromboembolic disorder, comprising: administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a compound of the present invention as described above for use in therapy.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides
the use of the present invention as described above for the
manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a
thromboembolic disorder.

## DEFINITIONS

The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Compounds of the present invention containing an asymmetrically substituted atom may be isolated in optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated isomeric forms. All chiral, diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomeric form is specifically indicated. All processes

used to prepare compounds of the present invention and intermediates made therein are considered to be part of the present invention. All tautomers of shown or described compounds are also considered to be part of the present invention.

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The term "substituted," as used herein, means that any one or more hydrogens on the designated atom is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto (i.e., =0), then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced. Keto substituents are not present on aromatic moieties.

The present invention is intended to include all isotopes of atoms occurring in the present compounds. Isotopes include those atoms having the same atomic number but different mass numbers. By way of general example and without limitation, isotopes of hydrogen include tritium and deuterium. Isotopes of carbon include C-13 and C-14.

When any variable (e.g., R<sup>6</sup>) occurs more than one time in any constituent or formula for a compound, its definition at each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example, if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-2 R<sup>6</sup>, then said group may optionally be substituted with up to two R<sup>6</sup> groups and R<sup>6</sup> at each occurrence is selected independently from the definition of R<sup>6</sup>. Also, combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross a bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of a given formula, then such substituent may be bonded via any atom in such

substituent. Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

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As used herein, "alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms.  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl, is intended to include  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$ ,  $C_7$ ,  $C_8$ ,  $C_9$ , and  $C_{10}$  alkyl groups. Examples of alkyl include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, n-pentyl, and s-pentyl. "Haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example  $-C_vF_w$  where v = 1 to 3 and w = 1 to (2v+1)). Examples of haloalkyl include, but are not limited to, trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, and pentachloroethyl. "Alkoxy" represents an alkyl group as defined above with the indicated number of carbon atoms attached through an oxygen bridge.  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, is intended to include  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$ ,  $C_7$ ,  $C_8$ ,  $C_9$ , and  $C_{10}$  alkoxy groups. Examples of alkoxy include, but are not limited to, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, s-butoxy, t-butoxy, n-pentoxy, and s-pentoxy. "Cycloalkyl" is intended to include saturated ring groups, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, or cyclopentyl. C3-7 cycloalkyl is intended to include  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$ , and  $C_7$  cycloalkyl groups. Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds that may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl and propenyl.  $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl is intended to include  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$ ,  $C_7$ ,  $C_8$ ,  $C_9$ , and  $C_{10}$ alkenyl groups. "Alkynyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either straight or branched configuration and one or more triple carbon-carbon bonds that may occur in any

stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl and propynyl.  $C_{2-10}$  Alkynyl is intended to include  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$ ,  $C_7$ ,  $C_8$ ,  $C_9$ , and  $C_{10}$  alkynyl groups.

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo; and "counterion" is used to represent a small, negatively charged species such as chloride, bromide, hydroxide, acetate, and sulfate.

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As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13-membered bicyclic or tricyclic, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocycles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, adamantyl, cyclooctyl, [3.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.3.0]bicyclononane, [4.4.0]bicyclodecane, [2.2.2]bicyclooctane, fluorenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, and tetrahydronaphthyl.

As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic 20 system" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which is saturated, partially unsaturated or unsaturated (aromatic), and which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected 25 from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at 30 any heteroatom or carbon atom that results in a stable structure. The heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a nitrogen atom if the resulting compound is stable. A nitrogen in the heterocycle may optionally be quaternized. It is preferred that when the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle exceeds 1, 35

then these heteroatoms are not adjacent to one another. It is preferred that the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle is not more than 1. As used herein, the term "aromatic heterocyclic system" or "heteroaryl" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S. It is to be noted that total number of S and O atoms in the aromatic heterocycle is not more than 1.

Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl,

- benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl,
  benzimidazolinyl, carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl, carbolinyl,
  chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl,
  2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran,
  furanyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl,
- imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl, indolenyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl,
  indolyl, 3H-indolyl, isatinoyl, isobenzofuranyl,
  isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl,
  isoquinolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl,
  methylenedioxyphenyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl,
- octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxindolyl, pyrimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl,
- piperazinyl, piperidinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl,
- 35 pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl,

quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrazolyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienothiazolyl, thienoxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, and xanthenyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro compounds containing, for example, the above heterocycles.

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The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is employed herein to refer to those compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound is modified by making acid or base salts thereof. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from nontoxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic,

phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

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The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound that contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, non-aqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Since prodrugs are known to enhance numerous desirable qualities of pharmaceuticals (e.g., solubility, bioavailability, manufacturing, etc...) the compounds of the present invention may be delivered in prodrug form. Thus, the present invention is intended to cover prodrugs of the presently claimed compounds, methods of delivering the same and compositions containing the same. "Prodrugs" are intended to include any covalently bonded carriers that release an active parent drug of the present invention in vivo when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs the present invention are prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compound in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or in vivo, to the parent compound. Prodrugs include compounds of the present invention wherein a hydroxy, amino, or sulfhydryl group is bonded to any group that, when the prodrug of the present invention is administered to a mammalian subject, it cleaves to form a free hydroxyl, free amino, or free sulfhydryl group,

respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of the present invention.

"Stable compound" and "stable structure" are meant to indicate a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent.

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"Substituted" is intended to indicate that one or more hydrogens on the atom indicated in the expression using "substituted" is replaced with a selection from the indicated group(s), provided that the indicated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto (i.e., =0) group, then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced.

"Therapeutically effective amount" is intended to include an amount of a compound of the present invention or an amount of the combination of compounds claimed effective to inhibit factor Xa. The combination of compounds is preferably a synergistic combination. Synergy, as described, for example, by Chou and Talalay, Adv. Enzyme Regul. 1984, 22:27-55, occurs when the effect (in this case, inhibition of factor Xa) of the compounds when administered in combination is greater than the additive effect of the compounds when administered alone as a single agent. In general, a synergistic effect is most clearly demonstrated at sub-optimal concentrations of the compounds. Synergy can be in terms of lower cytotoxicity, increased antiviral effect, or some other beneficial effect of the combination compared with the individual components.

### SYNTHESIS

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared in a number of ways known to one skilled in the art of

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organic synthesis. The compounds of the present invention can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or by variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art. Preferred methods include, but are not limited to, those described below. The reactions are performed in a solvent appropriate to the reagents and materials employed and suitable for the transformations being effected. It will be understood by those skilled in the art of organic synthesis that the functionality present on the molecule should be consistent with the transformations proposed. This will sometimes require a judgment to modify the order of the synthetic steps or to select one particular process scheme over another in order to obtain a desired compound of the invention. It will also be recognized that another major consideration in the planning of any synthetic route in this field is the judicious choice of the protecting group used for protection of the reactive functional groups present in the compounds described in this invention. An authoritative account describing the many alternatives to the trained practitioner is Greene and Wuts (Protective Groups In Organic Synthesis, Wiley and Sons, 1991). All references cited herein are hereby incorporated in their entirety herein by reference.

Scheme 1
$$M-Z-A-B$$

$$-G^2$$

The heterocyclic system shown in Scheme 1 (wherein G-D can be -CN or halo) can be prepared according to the schemes shown in PCT applications WO98/28269, WO98/28282, WO/9857934 and

WO99/32454. In Scheme 1 and the schemes that follow, -G-D represents rings D1, D2, or D3 attached to linker G or precursor to this moiety.

Compounds of this invention wherein G-D is a cyano group can be manipulated to afford thiadiazoles, oxadiazoles, aminooxadiazoles, pyrazoles, triazoles, and triazolones as outlined in Scheme 2.

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# Scheme 2

Other heterocycles contained in this invention can also be obtained via methods shown in Scheme 3

### Scheme 3

# Scheme 4

$$X = N, NH, O \text{ or } S$$
 $A = N, NH, O \text{ or } S$ 
 $A = N, NH, O \text{ or } S$ 
 $A = N, NH, O \text{ or } S$ 
 $A = N, NH, O \text{ or } S$ 

Various analogs of the compounds contained in Scheme 4 can be made following the methodologies outlined in Schemes 1-3 and WOO1/05784.

Compounds of this invention wherein ring D is a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyridazine, or other heterocyclic ring systems can also be prepared via the Suzuki and or the Stille coupling techniques from easily accessible bromophenyl precursors shown in Scheme 5.

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# Scheme 5 N Ra Y = B(OH)<sub>2</sub>, Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> Suzuki or Y = SnBu<sub>3</sub>, Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> Stille R Z = CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>

Additionally, other compounds of this invention can

also be prepared by those knowledgeable in the art following
the methodology outlined in Scheme 6.

# Scheme 6

The compounds prepared via Scheme 6 can be used to prepare similar analogs with other five membered

heterocyclic core systems or other linker  $G^1$ . These can then be further elaborated via the methodologies shown in earlier schemes to obtain compounds of this invention.

For other carbon based heterocyclic or aryl core systems the above methodologies apply but can be further modified via the method outlined in Scheme 7

# Scheme 7

 $Y = NR, O, S, SO, SO_2$ 

 $Y = NR, O, S, SO, SO_2$ 

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The synthesis shown in Scheme 7 can be adopted for other carbon based heterocycles or aryl rings. In addition to the above other compounds of this invention can also be prepared via the method outlined in Scheme 8.

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# Scheme 8

$$R^{1a}$$
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NaNO_2$ ,  $HBr$ 
 $CuBr$ 
 $R^{1a}$ 
 $NaNO_2$ ,  $HBr$ 
 $R^{1a}$ 
 $NaNO_2$ ,  $R^{1a}$ 
 $Na$ 

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Alternatively, compounds of these inventions can also be prepared via the methodology outlined in Scheme 9.

# Scheme 9

The synthetic methodology applied in Scheme 9 can also be applied to all other heterocyclic or aryl systems. In all the cases and schemes provided the intermediates wherein X (or D-G-) is a halogen or cyano group these in turn can be manipulated to the heterocyclic systems contained in this invention.

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The compounds of the present invention have a group "A-B" attached to ring M directly or via Z. Preparations of some of the rings M and the "A-B" moieties can follow the same methods described in W097/23212, W097/30971, W097/38984, W098/01428, W098/06694, W098/28269, W098/28282, W098/57934, W098/57937, and W098/57951, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference

### UTILITY

The compounds of this invention are useful as anticoagulants for the treatment or prevention of 5 thromboembolic disorders in mammals. The term "thromboembolic disorders" as used herein includes arterial or venous cardiovascular or cerebrovascular thromboembolic disorders, including, for example, unstable angina, first or recurrent myocardial infarction, ischemic sudden death, 10 transient ischemic attack, stroke, atherosclerosis, venous thrombosis, deep vein thrombosis, thrombophlebitis, arterial embolism, coronary and cerebral arterial thrombosis, cerebral embolism, kidney embolisms, and pulmonary embolisms. The anticoagulant effect of compounds of the present invention is believed to be due to inhibition of 15 factor Xa or thrombin.

The effectiveness of compounds of the present invention as inhibitors of factor Xa was determined using purified human factor Xa and synthetic substrate. The rate of factor Xa hydrolysis of chromogenic substrate S2222 (Kabi Pharmacia, Franklin, OH) was measured both in the absence and presence of compounds of the present invention. Hydrolysis of the substrate resulted in the release of pNA, which was monitored spectrophotometrically by measuring the increase in absorbance at 405 nM. A decrease in the rate of absorbance change at 405 nm in the presence of inhibitor is indicative of enzyme inhibition. The results of this assay are expressed as inhibitory constant, Ki.

Factor Xa determinations were made in 0.10 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.5, containing 0.20 M NaCl, and 0.5% PEG 8000. The Michaelis constant, K<sub>m</sub>, for substrate hydrolysis was determined at 25°C using the method of Lineweaver and Burk. Values of K<sub>i</sub> were determined by allowing 0.2-0.5 nM human factor Xa (Enzyme Research Laboratories, South Bend, IN) to react with the substrate

(0.20 mM-1 mM) in the presence of inhibitor. Reactions were allowed to go for 30 minutes and the velocities (rate of absorbance change vs time) were measured in the time frame of 25-30 minutes. The following relationship was used to calculate K<sub>i</sub> values:

$$(v_0-v_S)/v_S = I/(K_i (1+ S/K_m))$$

where:

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 $v_0$  is the velocity of the control in the absence of inhibitor:

10 v<sub>S</sub> is the velocity in the presence of inhibitor;

I is the concentration of inhibitor;

Ki is the dissociation constant of the enzyme:inhibitor
 complex;

S is the concentration of substrate;

15 Km is the Michaelis constant.

Using the methodology described above, some compounds of the present invention were found to exhibit a  $K_{\rm i}$  of  ${\le}10~\mu\text{M},$  thereby confirming the utility of the compounds of the present invention as effective Xa inhibitors.

Compounds tested in the above assay are considered to be active if they exhibit a  $K_i$  of  $\leq 10~\mu M$ . Preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 1~\mu M$ . More preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.1~\mu M$ . Even more preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.01~\mu M$ . Still more preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.001~\mu M$ .

The antithrombotic effect of compounds of the present invention can be demonstrated in a rabbit arterio-venous (AV) shunt thrombosis model. In this model, rabbits weighing 2-3 kg anesthetized with a mixture of xylazine (10 mg/kg i.m.) and ketamine (50 mg/kg i.m.) are used. A saline-filled AV shunt device is connected between the femoral arterial and the femoral venous cannulae. The AV shunt device consists of a piece of 6-cm tygon tubing that contains a

piece of silk thread. Blood will flow from the femoral artery via the AV-shunt into the femoral vein. The exposure of flowing blood to a silk thread will induce the formation of a significant thrombus. After forty minutes, the shunt is disconnected and the silk thread covered with thrombus is weighed. Test agents or vehicle will be given (i.v., i.p., s.c., or orally) prior to the opening of the AV shunt. The percentage inhibition of thrombus formation is determined for each treatment group. The ID50 values (dose which produces 50% inhibition of thrombus formation) are estimated by linear regression.

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The compounds of the present invention may also be useful as inhibitors of serine proteases, notably human thrombin, plasma kallikrein and plasmin. Because of their inhibitory action, these compounds are indicated for use in the prevention or treatment of physiological reactions, blood coagulation and inflammation, catalyzed by the aforesaid class of enzymes. Specifically, the compounds have utility as drugs for the treatment of diseases arising from elevated thrombin activity such as myocardial infarction, and as reagents used as anticoagulants in the processing of blood to plasma for diagnostic and other commercial purposes.

Some compounds of the present invention were shown to

25 be direct acting inhibitors of the serine protease thrombin
by their ability to inhibit the cleavage of small molecule
substrates by thrombin in a purified system. In vitro
inhibition constants were determined by the method described
by Kettner et al. in J. Biol. Chem. 1990, 265, 18289-18297,

30 herein incorporated by reference. In these assays, thrombinmediated hydrolysis of the chromogenic substrate S2238
(Helena Laboratories, Beaumont, TX) was monitored
spectrophotometrically. Addition of an inhibitor to the
assay mixture results in decreased absorbance and is
indicative of thrombin inhibition. Human thrombin (Enzyme)

Research Laboratories, Inc., South Bend, IN) at a concentration of 0.2 nM in 0.10 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.5, 0.20 M NaCl, and 0.5% PEG 6000, was incubated with various substrate concentrations ranging from 0.20 to 0.02 mM. After 25 to 30 minutes of incubation, thrombin activity 5 was assayed by monitoring the rate of increase in absorbance at 405 nm that arises owing to substrate hydrolysis. Inhibition constants were derived from reciprocal plots of the reaction velocity as a function of substrate concentration using the standard method of Lineweaver and 10 Burk. Using the methodology described above, some compounds of this invention were evaluated and found to exhibit a  $K_i$ of less than 10 µm, thereby confirming the utility of the compounds of the present invention as effective thrombin 15 inhibitors.

The compounds of the present invention can be administered alone or in combination with one or more additional therapeutic agents. These include other anticoagulant or coagulation inhibitory agents, anti-platelet or platelet inhibitory agents, thrombin inhibitors, or thrombolytic or fibrinolytic agents.

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The compounds are administered to a mammal in a therapeutically effective amount. By "therapeutically effective amount" it is meant an amount of a compound of the present invention that, when administered alone or in combination with an additional therapeutic agent to a mammal, is effective to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic disease condition or the progression of the disease.

30 By "administered in combination" or "combination therapy" it is meant that the compound of the present invention and one or more additional therapeutic agents are administered concurrently to the mammal being treated. When administered in combination each component may be
35 administered at the same time or sequentially in any order

at different points in time. Thus, each component may be administered separately but sufficiently closely in time so as to provide the desired therapeutic effect. Other anticoagulant agents (or coagulation inhibitory agents) that may be used in combination with the compounds of this invention include warfarin and heparin, as well as other factor Xa inhibitors such as those described in the publications identified above under Background of the Invention.

10 The term anti-platelet agents (or platelet inhibitory agents), as used herein, denotes agents that inhibit platelet function such as by inhibiting the aggregation, adhesion or granular secretion of platelets. Such agents include, but are not limited to, the various known 15 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen, sulindac, indomethacin, mefenamate, droxicam, diclofenac, sulfinpyrazone, and piroxicam, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Of the NSAIDS, aspirin (acetylsalicyclic 20 acid or ASA), and piroxicam are preferred. Other suitable anti-platelet agents include ticlopidine, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Ticlopidine is also a preferred compound since it is known to be gentle on the gastro-intestinal tract in use. Still 25 other suitable platelet inhibitory agents include IIb/IIIa antagonists, thromboxane-A2-receptor antagonists and thromboxane-A2-synthetase inhibitors, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

The term thrombin inhibitors (or anti-thrombin agents), as used herein, denotes inhibitors of the serine protease thrombin. By inhibiting thrombin, various thrombin-mediated processes, such as thrombin-mediated platelet activation (that is, for example, the aggregation of platelets, and/or the granular secretion of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 and/or serotonin) and/or fibrin formation are disrupted. A

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number of thrombin inhibitors are known to one of skill in the art and these inhibitors are contemplated to be used in combination with the present compounds. Such inhibitors include, but are not limited to, boroarginine derivatives, 5 boropeptides, heparins, hirudin and argatroban, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof. Boroarginine derivatives and boropeptides include N-acetyl and peptide derivatives of boronic acid, such as C-terminal a-aminoboronic acid derivatives of lysine, ornithine, arginine, homoarginine and corresponding isothiouronium analogs thereof. The term hirudin, as used herein, includes suitable derivatives or analogs of hirudin, referred to herein as hirulogs, such as disulfatohirudin. Boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include compounds described in Kettner 15 et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,187,157 and European Patent Application Publication Number 293 881 A2, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Other suitable boroarginine derivatives and boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include those disclosed in PCT Application Publication Number 92/07869 and European Patent Application 20 Publication Number 471,651 A2, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

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The term thrombolytics (or fibrinolytic) agents (or thrombolytics or fibrinolytics), as used herein, denotes agents that lyse blood clots (thrombi). Such agents include tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or streptokinase, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. The term anistreplase, as used herein, refers to anisoylated plasminogen streptokinase activator complex, as described, for example, in European Patent Application No. 028,489, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference herein. The term urokinase, as used herein, is intended to denote both dual and single chain urokinase, the latter also being referred to herein as prourokinase.

Administration of the compounds of the present invention in combination with such additional therapeutic agent, may afford an efficacy advantage over the compounds and agents alone, and may do so while permitting the use of lower doses of each. A lower dosage minimizes the potential of side effects, thereby providing an increased margin of safety.

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The compounds of the present invention are also useful as standard or reference compounds, for example as a quality standard or control, in tests or assays involving the inhibition of factor Xa. Such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for example, for use in pharmaceutical research involving factor Xa. For example, a compound of the present invention could be used as a reference in an assay to compare its known activity to a compound with an unknown activity. This would ensure the experimenter that the assay was being performed properly and provide a basis for comparison, especially if the test compound was a derivative of the reference compound. When developing new assays or protocols, compounds according to the present invention could be used to test their effectiveness.

The compounds of the present invention may also be used in diagnostic assays involving factor Xa. For example, the presence of factor Xa in an unknown sample could be determined by addition of chromogenic substrate S2222 to a series of solutions containing test sample and optionally one of the compounds of the present invention. If production of pNA is observed in the solutions containing test sample, but not in the presence of a compound of the present invention, then one would conclude factor Xa was present.

# Dosage and Formulation

The compounds of this invention can be administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets, capsules (each of which includes sustained release or timed release

formulations), pills, powders, granules, elixirs, tinctures, suspensions, syrups, and emulsions. They may also be administered in intravenous (bolus or infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular form, all using dosage forms well known to those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. They can be administered alone, but generally will be administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

The dosage regimen for the compounds of the present invention will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the species, age, sex, health, medical condition, and weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; the route of administration, the renal and hepatic function of the patient, and the effect desired. A physician or veterinarian can determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, counter, or arrest the progress of the thromboembolic disorder.

By way of general guidance, the daily oral dosage of each active ingredient, when used for the indicated effects, will range between about 0.001 to 1000 mg/kg of body weight, preferably between about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day, and most preferably between about 1.0 to 20 mg/kg/day. Intravenously, the most preferred doses will range from about 1 to about 10 mg/kg/minute during a constant rate infusion. Compounds of this invention may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dosage may be administered in divided doses of two, three, or four times daily.

Compounds of this invention can be administered in intranasal form via topical use of suitable intranasal vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using transdermal skin

patches. When administered in the form of a transdermal delivery system, the dosage administration will, of course, be continuous rather than intermittent throughout the dosage regimen.

The compounds are typically administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients, or carriers (collectively referred to herein as pharmaceutical carriers) suitably selected with respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules, elixirs, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices.

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For instance, for oral administration in the form of a tablet or capsule, the active drug component can be combined with an oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable, inert carrier such as lactose, starch, sucrose, glucose, methyl callulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the oral drug components can be combined with any oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, glycerol, water, and the like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants, disintegrating agents, and coloring agents can also be incorporated into the mixture. Suitable binders include starch, gelatin, natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, waxes, and the like. Lubricants used in these dosage forms include sodium oleate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation, starch, methyl cellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum, and the like.

The compounds of the present invention can also be administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such

as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles, and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine, or phosphatidylcholines.

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Compounds of the present invention may also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. Such polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspartamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxide-polylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of polylactic and polyglycolic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacylates, and crosslinked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

Dosage forms (pharmaceutical compositions) suitable for administration may contain from about 1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

Gelatin capsules may contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance.

In general, water, a suitable oil, saline, aqueous dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient, suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents. Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA. In addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Representative useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

## Capsules

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A large number of unit capsules can be prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 100 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6 milligrams magnesium stearate.

# Soft Gelatin Capsules

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil may be prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 100 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules should be washed and dried.

## Tablets

Tablets may be prepared by conventional procedures so that the dosage unit is 100 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

## Injectable

A parenteral composition suitable for administration by injection may be prepared by stirring 1.5% by weight of active ingredient in 10% by volume propylene glycol and water. The solution should be made isotonic with sodium chloride and sterilized.

## Suspension

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An aqueous suspension can be prepared for oral administration so that each 5 mL contain 100 mg of finely divided active ingredient, 200 mg of sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 5 mg of sodium benzoate, 1.0 g of sorbitol solution, U.S.P., and 0.025 mL of vanillin.

Where the compounds of this invention are combined with other anticoagulant agents, for example, a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 100 milligrams of the compound of the present invention and about 1 to 7.5 milligrams of the second anticoagulant, per kilogram of patient body weight. For a tablet dosage form, the compounds of this invention generally may be present in an amount of about 5 to 10 milligrams per dosage unit, and the second anti-coagulant in an amount of about 1 to 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

Where the compounds of the present invention are administered in combination with an anti-platelet agent, by way of general guidance, typically a daily dosage may be about 0.01 to 25 milligrams of the compound of the present invention and about 50 to 150 milligrams of the anti-platelet agent, preferably about 0.1 to 1 milligrams of the

compound of the present invention and about 1 to 3 milligrams of anti-platelet agents, per kilogram of patient body weight.

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Where the compounds of the present invention are adminstered in combination with thrombolytic agent, typically a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 1 milligrams of the compound of the present invention, per kilogram of patient body weight and, in the case of the thrombolytic agents, the usual dosage of the thrombolyic agent when administered alone may be reduced by about 70-80% when administered with a compound of the present invention.

Where two or more of the foregoing second therapeutic agents are administered with the compound of the present invention, generally the amount of each component in a typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect of the therapeutic agents when administered in combination.

Particularly when provided as a single dosage unit, the potential exists for a chemical interaction between the combined active ingredients. For this reason, when the compound of the present invention and a second therapeutic agent are combined in a single dosage unit they are formulated such that although the active ingredients are combined in a single dosage unit, the physical contact between the active ingredients is minimized (that is, reduced). For example, one active ingredient may be enteric coated. By enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it is possible not only to minimize the contact between the combined active ingredients, but also, it is possible to control the release of one of these components in the gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components is not released in the stomach but rather is released in the intestines. One of the active ingredients may also be coated with a material that effects a sustained-release throughout

the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize physical contact between the combined active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the formulation of a combination product in which the one component is coated with a sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a low-viscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate materials as known in the art, in order to further separate the active components. The polymer coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

15 These as well as other ways of minimizing contact between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, once armed with the present disclosure.

Other features of the invention will become apparent in the course of the following descriptions of exemplary embodiments that are given for illustration of the invention and are not intended to be limiting thereof.

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#### EXAMPLES

## Example 1

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole

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F F H O'S N NH NH

Part A: The starting nitrile, 1-(3-cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl) aminocarbonyl] pyrazole, was prepared according to the methodology described in WO98/28269 (see Example 73). To 0.54 g (1.06 mmol) of this nitrile in anhydrous ethanol was bubbled HCl gas for 0.5h. The reaction mixture was capped and allowed to stir at room temperature for 18h. The ethanol was evaporated to afford the crude ethoxyimidate intermediate. LRMS (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z (relative intensity) 557 (M=H, 100).

Part B: To the crude product in dioxane (10 mL) from part A was added N-Methyl morpholine (0.6 mL, 5.03 mmol). To this mixture was added semicarbazide hydrochloride (0.13 g, 1.06 mmol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed gently for 72h. The mixture was cooled, poured in water (100 mL) and the organics were extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL), dried and evaporated to a brown mass. The crude mixture was purified via reverse-phase HPLC to afford the title compound.  $^1\text{H NMR (DMSO-d}_6,\ 300\text{MHz})$   $\delta$ : 12.91 (s, 1H), 11.81 (s, 1H), 10.90 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H, J=7.7Hz), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.64 (m, 7H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 3H),

2.84 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 591 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $C_{26}H_{20}SF_3O_4N_6$  Mass= 569.1206.

## Example 2

5 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole

The starting nitrile, 1-(3-cyanopheny1)-3-

- trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole, was prepared according to the methodology described in WO98/28269 (see Example 206). The title compound was prepared from this nitrile in a similar method to that described for Example 1. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO-
- 15  $d_6$ , 300MHz)  $\delta$ : 12.17 (s, 1H), 11.81 (s, 1H), 10.73 (s, 1H), 8.09 (dd, 1H,  $J_1=J_2=8.0$ Hz), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.81-7.64 (m, 6H), 7.43 (dd, 1H,  $J_1=J_2=7.0$ Hz), 7.38 (dd, 1H,  $J_1=J_2=11.0$ Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J=8.0Hz), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 587 (M+H) 609 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $C_{26}H_{19}SF_4O_4N_6$
- 20 Mass= 587.1123.

## Example 3

1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt

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Part A: The nitrile employed for Example 2 was utilized for the preparation of Example 3. Hydrogen chloride was bubbled into an ice-cooled solution of the nitrile (0.52 g, 0.98 mmol) in anhydrous ethanol (50 mL) for 0.5h. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature overnight and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude ethyl imidate hydrochloride was placed under high vacuum and used directly in the next step.

15 Part B: Acetic acid (1.0 mL) was added to a suspension of crude imidate hydrochloride (0.98 mmol) obtained in part A and aminoguanidine bicarbonate (0.18 g, 1.31 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (25 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 48h and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude solid was purified by reverse phase HPLC. HNMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,

300MHz)  $\delta$ : 10.74 (s, 1H), 8.88-7.99 (m, 3H), 7.80-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 1H), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 586 (M+H) 608 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $C_{26}H_{20}SF_4O_3N_6$  Mass= 586.1280.

25

### Example 4

1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt

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The nitrile employed for Example 2 was dissolved in TFA (2 mL). To this mixture was added thiosemicarbazide (0.13 g, 1.42 mmol) and the reaction mixture was gently refluxed for 2h. The reaction was then concentrated and the crude oil was purified via reverse phase HPLC to afford the title compound.  $^1$ HNMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 300MHz)  $\delta$ : 10.73 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, 1H, J=8.0Hz), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.87-7.86 (m, 1H), 7.80-7.62 (m, 8H), 7.44 (d, 1H, J=8.0Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H, J=11.0Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J=8.0Hz), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 625 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $C_{26}H_{19}S_{2}F_{4}O_{3}N_{6}$  Mass= 603.0889.

## Example 5

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-dimethylamino)methylimidazol1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic
acid salt

Part A: 1-(3-Cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethylpyrazole-5-carboxylic acid was prepared according the methods of W098/28269 (see Example 14). The pyrazole acid chloride (2.48 mmol) was coupled with 2-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-2-aminomethyl-4-imidazoloaniline (1.04 g, 2.25 mmol) using DMAP (1.38 g, 11.26 mmol) in dichloromethane. After 48h the reaction mixture was concentrated, dissolved in EtOAc, and washed three times with brine. Then the organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash chromatograghy.  $^1$ HNMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 300MHz)  $\delta$ : 10.72 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, 1H, J=8Hz), 7.93 (d, 1H, J=8Hz), 7.77-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.51-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 3.38 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 6H) ppm; LRMS: m/z 496 (M-H).

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Part B: The coupling product was converted to its corresponding methylimidate via the Pinner reaction. The imidate (1.62 mmol) was then treated with semicarbazide (0.22 g, 1.94 mmol) in refluxing 1,4-dioxane (40 mL) for 48h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give the crude aminooxadiazole. The product was purified by HPLC. LRMS: m/z 556 (M+H).

### Example 6

25

1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid
salt

Part A: 1-(3-Cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethylpyrazole-5-carboxylic acid was prepared according the methods of W098/28269 (see Example 14). The pyrazole acid chloride (0.51 mmol) was coupled with 2-methyl-4-imidazoloaniline (1.04 g, 2.25 mmol) using DMAP (0.31 g, 2.49 mmol) in 10 mL dichloromethane. After 24H the reaction mixture was concentrated. The resulting concentrate was dissolved in EtOAc and washed three times with brine. The organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude coupling product was used directly. LRMS: m/z 437 (M+H).

5

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Part B: The crude benzonitrile was treated with

thiosemicarbazide (0.04 g, 0.45 mmol) in 5 mL refluxing TFA for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by HPLC to give the aminothiadiazole. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO, 300MHz) δ: 11.07 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.77 (d, 1H, J=2Hz), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 4H), 2.50 (s, 3H)ppm;

LRMS: m/z 256 (M/2+H), 511 (M+H); HRMS: calc'd for C2 3H18 S O F3 N8=511.1288.

# Example 7

1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole
trifluoroacetic acid salt

1-(Bromophenyl)-5-(2'-methylsulfonyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole was prepared according to the

methods of WO98/28269 (see Example 10, except that 3-methoxy-trichloroacetyl-4,4,4-trifluorocrotonate was used in place of 3-methoxy-trichloroacetylcrotonate). 3-Pyridylboronate (0.112 g, 0.75 mmol) was added to 1-(bromophenyl)-5-(2'-methylsulfonyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole (0.366 g, 0.62 mmol) in a solution of Toluene:EtOH (4:1, 50 mL). Sodium carbonate (2M, 0.4 mL) was added and the solution was degassed for 0.5h. To this solution was added Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> and the solution was gently refluxed for 18h. The solution was concentrated and purified via reverse phase HPLC to afford 0.050g of colorless product. LRMS 581 m/z (rel. intensity), 581 (M+H, 100).

### Example 8

15 1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt

Prepared via the Stille coupling methodology using 4-20 tributyltinpyridine and the bromophenyl-pyrazole intermediate used in Example 8. The title compound was obtained as colorless crystals (20% yield) after purification by reverse phase HPLC. LRMS m/z (rel. intensity) 581 (M+H, 100).

25

### Example 9

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2'[(dimethylamino)methyl]-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide

This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS  $(ES^{+})$ , 566.2  $(M+H)^{+}$ .

5 Example 10

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide

10 This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS  $(ES^{\dagger})$ , 608.4  $(M+H)^{\dagger}$ .

#### Example 11

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-15 {[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide

This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS  $(ES^{+})$ , 608.1  $(M+H)^{+}$ .

The following tables contain representative examples of the present invention. Each entry in each table is intended to be paired with each formulas at the start of the table. For example, in Tables 1 and 2, example 1 is intended to be paired with each of the formulas.

The following nomenclature is intended for group A in the following tables.

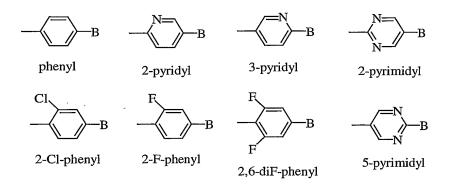


Table 1

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>;

5	Ex#	A	В
	1.	phenyl	$2-(\mathrm{NH_2SO_2})$ phenyl
	2.	phenyl	$2-(CH_3SO_2)$ phenyl
	3.	phenyl	$3-NH_2SO_2-4-pyridyl$
	4.	phenyl	$3-CH_3SO_2-4-pyridyl$
10	5.	phenyl	2-(CH3NH)phenyl
	6.	phenyl	$3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl$
	7.	phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH2)phenyl
	8.	phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH2)phenyl
	9.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)$ phenyl
15	10.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)$ phenyl
	11.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)$ phenyl
	12.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)$ phenyl
	13.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)$ phenyl
	14.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3)_2CH)NHCH_2)$ phenyl
20	15.	phenyl	2-(((CH3)2CH)2NCH2)phenyl
	16.	phenyl	$2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH_2)phenyl$

```
17.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          18.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          19.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobuty1)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          20.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
  5
          21.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          22.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          23.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          24.
                 phenyl
                                    1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          25.
                 phenyl
                                    2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
10
          26.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          27.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          28.
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazoly1
                 phenyl
          29.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          30.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
          31.
                 phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          32.
                 phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolv1
          33.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          34.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          35.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
20
          36.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          37.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
          38.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          39.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          40.
                 phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
25
          41.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          42.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
          43.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          44.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          45.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-(CH_3NH) phenyl
30
          46.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
          47.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH2)phenyl
          48.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          49.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          50.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
35
          51.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenv1
          52.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          53.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          54.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          55.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
          56.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          57.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          58.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          59.
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)2NCH2)phenyl
                 2-pyridyl
          60.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
45
          61.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          62.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          63.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          64.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          65.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
50
                 2-pyridyl
          66.
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
          67.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          68.
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                 2-pyridyl
                 2-pyridyl
          69.
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
```

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70.
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                 2-pyridyl
          71.
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                 2-pyridyl
          72.
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          73.
                 2-pyridyl
 5
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          74.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          75.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          76.
                 2-pyridyl
          77.
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                 2-pyridyl
          78.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          79.
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
10
                 2-pyridyl
          80.
                 2-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          81.
                                   2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
                 3-pyridyl
          82.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
                                   3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          83.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
15
          84.
                 3-pyridyl
          85.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(CH3NH)phenyl
          86.
                                   3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          87.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          88.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
                 3-pyridyl
20
          89.
          90.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
          91.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2) phenyl
          92.
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2) phenyl
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)phenyl
          93.
                 3-pyridyl
25
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          94.
                 3-pyridyl
          95.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          96.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          97.
                 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          98.
                 3-pyridyl
30
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          99.
                 3-pyridyl
          100. 3-pyridyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          101. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          102. 3-pyridyl
          103. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)2NCH2)phenyl
35
          104. 3-pyridyl
                                    1-CH_3-2-imidazolyl
          105. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          106. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          107. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          108. 3-pyridyl
40
          109. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          110. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          111. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          112. 3-pyridyl
          113. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
45
          114. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          115. 3-pyridyl
          116. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          117. 3-pyridyl
          118. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
50
          119. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
          120. 3-pyridyl
                                   2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          121. 2-pyrimidyl
          122. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
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123. 2-pyrimidyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          124. 2-pyrimidyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          125. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          126. 2-pyrimidyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
 5
          127. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          128. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          129. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          130. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          131. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
10
          132. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          133. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          134. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          135. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenvl
          136. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
15
          137. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          138. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          139. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          140. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          141. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
20
          142. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          143. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          144. 2-pyrimidyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          145. 2-pyrimidyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          146. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
25
          147. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          148. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          149. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          150. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          151. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
30
          152. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          153. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          154. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          155. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          156. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
35
          157. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          158. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          159. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          160. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          161. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
          162. 5-pyrimidyl
                                   2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
          163. 5-pyrimidyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          164. 5-pyrimidyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          165. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          166. 5-pyrimidyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
45
          167. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          168. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          169. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          170. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          171. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          172. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
50
          173. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          174. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          175. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)_2NCH_2)phenyl
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176. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         177. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         178. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         179. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
 5
         180. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         181. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         182. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         183. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         184. 5-pyrimidyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
10
         185. 5-pyrimidyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
         186. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         187. 5-pyrimidyl
                                 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         188. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         189. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
         190. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         191. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         192. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         193. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         194. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
20
         195. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         196. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         197. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         198. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         199. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
25
         200. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         201. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         202. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         203. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
         204. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
30
         205. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(CH_3NH) phenyl
         206. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
         207. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         208. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         209. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
35
         210. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3) NHCH<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
         211. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         212. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         213. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         214. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         215. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH_2)phenyl
40
         216. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         217. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         218. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
         219. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
45
         220. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
         221. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         222. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         223. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         224. 2-Cl-phenyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
         225. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
50
         226. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         227. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         228. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
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229. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          230. 2-Cl-phenyl
          231. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          232. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
 5
          233. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          234. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          235. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          236. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          237. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          238. 2-Cl-phenyl
10
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          239. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          240. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          241. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          242. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
15
          243. 2-F-phenyl
                                     3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          244. 2-F-phenyl
                                     3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          245. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          246. 2-F-phenyl
                                     3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
          247. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenvl
20
          248. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          249. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          250. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
          251. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)phenyl
          252. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
25
          253. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          254. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          255. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          256. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          257. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
30
          258. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          259. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          260. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          261. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          262. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          263. 2-F-phenyl
35
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          264. 2-F-phenyl
                                     1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          265. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          266. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          267. 2-F-phenyl
40
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          268. 2-F-phenyl
          269. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          270. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          271. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          272. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          273. 2-F-phenyl
45
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          274. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          275. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          276. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          277. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
50
          278. 2-F-phenvl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          279. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          280. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          281. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                             2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
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282. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
           283. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
           284. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           3-CH_3SO_2-4-pyridyl
           285. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
  5
           286. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
           287. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                         2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
           288. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
           289. 2,6-dif-phenvl
                                           2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
           290. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
 10
           291. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2) phenyl
           292. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          293. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2) phenyl
          294. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          295. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
15
          296. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          297. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          298. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          299. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          300. 2,6-diF-phenvl
                                           2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          301. 2,6-diF-phenyl
20
                                           2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          302. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          303. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          304. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          305. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-CH_3-1-imidazolyl
25
          306. 2,6-dif-phenvl
                                           2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          307. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          308. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolv1
          309. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          310. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
30
          311. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          312. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          313. 2,6-dif-phenvl
                                          2-((cyclopropy1)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
          314. 2,6-dif-phenvl
                                          2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          315. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
35
          316. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          317. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          318. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          319. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          320. 2,6-diF-phenvl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          321. piperidinyl 2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
          322. piperidinyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          323. piperidinyl
                                  3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          324. piperidinyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          325. piperidinyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          326. piperidinyl 3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
45
         327. piperidinyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         328. piperidinyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         329. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          330. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         331. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
50
         332. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         333. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         334. piperidinyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
```

```
335. piperidinyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         336. piperidinyl
                                 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
         337. piperidinyl
                                 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         338. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
 5
         339. piperidinyl
                                2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         340. piperidinyl
                                 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
                                2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         341. piperidinyl
         342. piperidinyl
                                2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         343. piperidinyl
                                 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
10
         344. piperidinyl
                                 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
         345. piperidinyl
                                 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
                                 2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         346. piperidinyl
         347. piperidinyl
                                 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         348. piperidinyl
                                2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
         349. piperidinyl
                                 2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         350. piperidinyl
                                 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         351. piperidinyl
                                 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         352. piperidinyl
                                 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         353. piperidinyl
                                 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         354. piperidinyl
20
         355. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
         356. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)2NCH2)-1-imidazolyl
         357. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
         358. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         359. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
25
         360. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
```

#### Table 2

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

5  $R^{1a}$  is  $CH_2CH_3$ .

10

#### Table 3

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>.

#### Table 4

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

 $R^{1a}$  is  $SCH_3$ .

## Table 5

20 Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is SOCH<sub>3</sub>.

Table 6

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

30

## Table 7

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

35  $R^{1a}$  is Cl.

## Table 8

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is F.

#### Table 9

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

 $R^{1a}$  is  $CO_2CH_3$ .

## Table 10

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>.

20 Table 11

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

 $R^{1a}$  is  $CONH_2$ .

25

35

5

### Table 12

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

30  $R^{1a}$  is CN.

### Table 13

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.

# Table 14

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>NHSO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

# Table 15

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

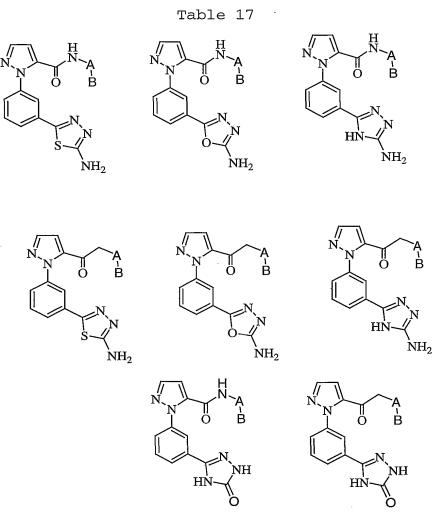
 $R^{1a}$  is 1-imidazolyl- $CH_2$ .

Table 16

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

 $R^{1a}$  is 1-tetrazolyl- $CH_2$ -.

20



	Ex#	A	В
	1. phenyl		2-(NH2SO2) phenyl
5	2. ph	enyl.	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	3. ph	eny1	$3-NH_2SO_2-4-pyridyl$
	4. ph	enyl.	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	5. ph	eny1	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	6. ph	enyl	3-((CH3)2NCH2)-4-pyridyl
10	7. ph	enyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	8. ph	enyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	9. ph	enyl	$2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)$ phenyl
	10.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)$ phenyl
	11.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)$ phenyl
15	12.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)$ phenyl
	13.	phenyl	$2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)$ phenyl
	14.	phenyl	2-(((CH3)2CH)NHCH2)phenyl
	15.	phenyl	2-(((CH3)2CH)2NCH2)phenyl
	16.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
20	17.	phenyl	$2-((cyclopropyl)_2NCH_2)phenyl$
	18.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
	19.	phenyl	$2-((cyclobutyl)_2NCH_2)$ phenyl
	20.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
	21.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)2NCH2)phenyl

```
22.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          23.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                  phenyl
          24.
                                     1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          25.
                  phenyl
                                     2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
 5
          26.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          27.
                  phenyl
          28.
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                  phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          29.
                 phenyl
          30.
                 phenyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
10
          31.
                  phenyl
          32.
                  phenyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          33.
                  phenyl
          34.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          35.
                 phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
          36.
                 phenyl
          37.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          38.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          39.
                  phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          40.
                  phenyl
                                     2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
20
                  2-pyridyl
          41.
          42.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
          43.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
                                     3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          44.
                  2-pyridyl
          45.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(CH3NH)phenyl
25
                                     3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
          46.
                  2-pyridyl
          47.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          48.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          49.
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          50.
                  2-pyridyl
30
          51.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)phenyl
          52.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2) phenyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2) phenyl
          53.
                  2-pyridyl
          54.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          55.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                  2-pyridyl
35
          56.
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          57.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          58.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          59.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          60.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
          61.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          62.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          63.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          64.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          65.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
45
          66.
                  2-pyridyl
          67.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          68.
                  2-pyridyl
          69.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          70.
50
          71.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          72.
                                     2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          73.
                  2-pyridyl
          74.
                  2-pyridyl
                                     2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
```

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75.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          76.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
          77.
                 2-pyridyl
          78.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
 5
          79.
                 2-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          80.
                 2-pyridyl
          81.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          82.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                 3-pyridyl
                                    3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          83.
                                    3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
10
          84.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          85.
                 3-pyridyl
          86.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          87.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          88.
15
          89.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          90.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3)NHCH_2) phenyl
          91.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2) phenyl
          92.
                 3-pyridyl
          93.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
20
          94.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          95.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          96.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          97.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          98.
                 3-pyridyl
25
          99.
                 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          100. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          101. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          102. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          103. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          104. 3-pyridyl
30
                                    1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          105. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          106. 3-pyridyl
          107. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          108. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
35
          109. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazoly1
          110. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          111. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          112. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
          113. 3-pyridyl
40
          114. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          115. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          116. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          117. 3-pyridyl
          118. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
45
          119. 3-pyridyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          120. 3-pyridyl
          121. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          122. 2-pyrimidyl
                                    2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
          123. 2-pyrimidyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          124. 2-pyrimidyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
50
          125. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          126. 2-pyrimidyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
          127. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
```

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128. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          129. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          130. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          131. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
 5
          132. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          133. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          134. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH_2)phenyl
          135. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          136. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
10
          137. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          138. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          139. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          140. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          141. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
15
          142. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          143. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          144. 2-pyrimidyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          145. 2-pyrimidyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          146. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          147. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
20
          148. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          149. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          150. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          151. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
25
          152. 2-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          153. 2-pyrimidyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          154. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          155. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          156. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          157. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
30
          158. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          159. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          160. 2-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)2NCH2)-1-imidazolyl
          161. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          162. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
35
          163. 5-pyrimidyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
                                   3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          164. 5-pyrimidyl
          165. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(CH3NH)phenyl
          166. 5-pyrimidyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
          167. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
          168. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          169. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          170. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          171. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          172. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
45
          173. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)phenyl
          174. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          175. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH_2)phenyl
          176. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
50
          177. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)2NCH2)phenyl
          178. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          179. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          180. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
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181. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         182. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         183. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         184. 5-pyrimidyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
 5
         185. 5-pyrimidyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
         186. 5-pyrimidyl
                                 2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         187. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         188. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         189. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         190. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
10
         191. 5-pyrimidyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
                                 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         192. 5-pyrimidyl
         193. 5-pyrimidyl
                                 2-((cvclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         194. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
         195. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         196. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         197. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         198. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         199. 5-pyrimidyl
         200. 5-pyrimidyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
20
         201. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(NH_2SO_2)phenyl
         202. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         203. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
         204. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
25
         205. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
         206. 2-Cl-phenyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
         207. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         208. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         209. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         210. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3) NHCH<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
30
         211. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         212. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         213. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)phenyl
         214. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         215. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
35
         216. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         217. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         218. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         219. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
40
         220. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                  2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
         221. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         222. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         223. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((cyclohexyl)2NCH2)phenyl
         224. 2-Cl-phenyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
45
         225. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
         226. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         227. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         228. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         229. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         230. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
50
         231. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         232. 2-Cl-phenyl 2-(((CH_3)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         233. 2-C1-phenyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
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234. 2-Cl-phenvl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
           235. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
           236. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
           237. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
  5
           238. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
           239. 2-Cl-phenvl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
           240. 2-Cl-phenyl
                                     2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
           241. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
           242. 2-F-phenyl
                                     2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
 10
           243. 2-F-phenyl
                                    3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
           244. 2-F-phenyl
                                    3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
           245. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
           246. 2-F-phenyl
                                    3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
           247. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
15
           248. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
           249. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3)_2NCH_2) phenyl
           250. 2-F-phenvl
                                    2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
           251. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)phenyl
          252. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
20
          253. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2) phenyl
          254. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          255. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          256. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          257. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
25
          258. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          259. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          260. 2-F-phenvl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          261. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          262. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
30
          263. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          264. 2-F-phenyl
                                    1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
          265. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          266. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          267. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
35
          268. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          269. 2-F-phenvl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          270. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazoly1
          271. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          272. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
40
          273. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
          274. 2-F-phenvl
                                    2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          275. 2-F-phenyl
                                    2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          276. 2-F-phenyl
                                   2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          277. 2-F-phenyl
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolvl
          278. 2-F-phenyl
45
                                   2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          279. 2-F-phenyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          280. 2-F-phenyl
                                   2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          281. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                           2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>) phenyl
          282. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           2-(CH_3SO_2) phenyl
50
          283. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                           3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          284. 2,6-diF-phenvl
                                           3-CH_3SO_2-4-pyridyl
          285. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
          286. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          3-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-4-pyridyl
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287. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                        2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidiny1)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          288. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          289. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          290. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)phenyl
 5
          291. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2) phenyl
          292. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          293. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2) phenyl
          294. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          295. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          296. 2,6-diF-phenyl
10
                                          2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          297. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          298. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          299. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cvclobutvl),NCH,)phenvl
          300. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          301. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
15
          302. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          303. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          304. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
                                          2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
          305. 2,6-diF-phenyl
          306. 2,6-diF-phenyl
20
                                          2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          307. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH_3)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          308. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          309. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          310. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
25
          311. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          312. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          313. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          314. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          315. 2,6-dif-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
30
          316. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          317. 2,6-diF-phenyl
          318. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          319. 2,6-diF-phenyl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          320. 2.6-diF-phenvl
                                          2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
35
          321. piperidinyl 2-(NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          322. piperidinyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          323. piperidinyl 3-NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          324. piperidinyl 3-CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-4-pyridyl
          325. piperidinyl 2-(CH<sub>3</sub>NH)phenyl
40
          326. piperidinyl 3-((CH_3)_2NCH_2)-4-pyridyl
          327. piperidinyl 2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          328. piperidinyl 2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          329. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          330. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
45
          331. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          332. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          333. piperidinyl
                                   2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2) phenyl
          334. piperidinyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          335. piperidinyl 2-(((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
50
          336. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          337. piperidinyl
                                   2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
          338. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)phenyl
          339. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
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340. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         341. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         342. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH2)phenyl
         343. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)phenyl
         344. piperidinyl 1-CH<sub>3</sub>-2-imidazolyl
 5
         345. piperidinyl 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-1-imidazolyl
         346. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         347. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          348. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          349. piperidinyl 2-((CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
10
         350. piperidinyl 2-((CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2)-1-imidazolyl
         351. piperidinyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)NHCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          352. piperidinyl 2-(((CH_3)_2CH)_2NCH_2)-1-imidazolyl
          353. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         354. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
15
         355. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH2)-1-imidazolyl
          356. piperidinyl 2-((cyclobutyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          357. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
          358. piperidinyl 2-((cyclopentyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
         359. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl 360. piperidinyl 2-((cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>)-1-imidazolyl
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Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise that as specifically described herein.

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A compound of formula Ia, Ib, or Ic:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

10 ring  $D_1$  is selected from pyridine, pyrazine, pyridazine, and pyrimidine and is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;

ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-3 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring  $D_3$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring  $D_3$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;

R is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>+</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>+</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>

alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $C(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} alkyl)$ ,  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} alkyl)_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} alkyl)_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3} alkyl)_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CR_3^8R_9$ )<sub>t</sub> $C(0)NR_3^7R_8$ , and  $CC_3^8R_9$ ;

- 5  $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;
- R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $OCH_3$ ,  $OCH_2CH_3$ ,  $OCH(CH_3)_2$ ,  $OCH_2CH_2CH_3$ ,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $C(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $(CR^8R^9)_tNR^7R^8$ ,  $(CR^8R^9)_tC(0)NR^7R^8$ , and  $OCF_3$ ;
- G is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ , C(0), O,  $NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(0)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(0)$ ,  $OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(0)_pCH_2$ ,  $CH_2S(0)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(0)CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(0)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ , and  $CH_2CH_2S(0)_p$ ;
- G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>1-5</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>CR<sup>3</sup>=CR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>C≡C (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O) (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>OC(O) (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O) (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>DC(O)NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(S)NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

  (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, and (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup> (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

wherein u + w total 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, provided that  $G_1$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached;

- 5 G<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, or a 5-10 membered heteroaryl consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S;
- M is isoxazoline, pyrazoline, isothiazoline, triazoline, tetrazoline, phenyl, or a 5-6 membered aromatic heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, and is substituted with -Z-A-B;
- 15 M is also substituted with 0-2 R<sup>1a</sup>;
- Z is selected from a bond,  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}C(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}OC(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3C(0)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(0)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}S(0)_{2}CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}SO_{2}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3SO_{2}(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ , and  $(CR^2R^{2a})_{q}NR^3SO_{2}NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ , wherein  $q + q^1$  total 0, 1, or 2, provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;
- 30  $R^{1a}$  is selected from H,  $-(CH_2)_r R^{1b}$ ,  $-CH = CH R^{1b}$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $NH(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(O)_p(CH_2)_rR^{1d}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_rR^{1d}$ ,  $OC(O)NR^3(CH_2)_rR^{1d}$ ,  $OC(O)NR^3(CH_2)_rR^{1d}$

and  $NR^3C(O)(CH_2)_rR^{1d}$ , provided that  $R^{1a}$  forms other than an N-halo, N-N, N-S, N-O, or N-CN bond;

alternatively, when two R<sup>1a'</sup>s are attached to adjacent atoms, together with the atoms to which they are attached they form a 5-7 membered ring consisting of: carbon atoms and 0-2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub>, this ring being substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising: 0-3 double bonds;

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- R<sup>1b</sup> is selected from H,  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl, F,  $C_{1}$ , Br, I,  $-C_{N}$ ,  $-C_{HO}$ ,  $(C_{F_2})_r C_{F_3}$ ,  $(C_{H_2})_r O_R^2$ ,  $NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C_{1} C_{1} R^{2c}$ ,  $C_{1} R^{$ 
  - $R^{1c}$  is selected from H,  $CH(CH_2OR^2)_2$ ,  $C(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $S(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $S(O)_2R^{2b}$ , and  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ;

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- $R^{1d}$  is selected from  $C_{3-13}$  carbocycle substituted with 0-2  $R^{4a}$ , and 5-13 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$  substituted with 0-2  $R^{4a}$ , provided that  $R^{1d}$  forms other than an N-N, N-S, or N-O bond;
- $R^2$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, benzyl,  $C_{3-6}$  carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2

 $R^{4b}$ , and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ ;

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- $R^{2a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, benzyl, phenethyl,  $C_{3-6}$  carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ , and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ ;
- $R^{2b}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from  $CF_3$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, benzyl,  $C_{3-6}$  carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ , and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ ;
- 20 R<sup>2c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;
  - alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form a 5 or 6 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising carbon atoms and from 0-1 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S;

 $\mathbb{R}^3$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;

- $\mathbb{R}^{3a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $\mathbb{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;
  - $R^{3b}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;
- 10  $R^{3c}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, and phenyl;
  - $R^{3d}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl-phenyl, and  $C(=0)R^{3c}$ ;

A is selected from:

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 $C_{3-10}$  carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2  $R^4$ , and 5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2  $R^4$ ;

- B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B -are attached to different atoms on A;
- 25 X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $-CR^2(CR^2R^{2b})(CH_2)_{t}-$ , -C(0)-,  $-C(=NR^{1c})-$ ,  $-CR^2(NR^{1c}R^2)-$ ,  $-CR^2(0R^2)-$ ,  $-CR^2(SR^2)-$ ,  $-C(0)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)$ , -S-, -S(0)-,  $-S(0)_2-$ ,  $-SCR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-S(0)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-S(0)_2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_2-$ ,  $-S(0)_2NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2S(0)_2-$ ,  $-NR^2S(0)_2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}S(0)_2NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2S(0)_2NR^2-$ ,  $-C(0)NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2C(0)-$ ,  $-C(0)NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)NR^2-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(0)-$ ,  $-CR^2C(0)-$ ,  $-CC(0)NR^2-$ , -CC(0

 $-NR^2C(O)NR^2-, -NR^2-, -NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-, -CR^2R^{2a}NR^2-, O, \\ -CR^2R^{2a}O-, \text{ and } -OCR^2R^{2a}-;$ 

## Y is selected from:

 $C_{3-10}$  carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and 5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

- 10  $R^4$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rF$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC1$ ,  $(CH_2)_rBr$ ,  $(CH_2)_rI$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_rCN$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(0)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NS(0)_2R^5)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(0)NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(0)_pR^5$ ,  $(CF_2)_rCF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-CF_3$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $N(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH$
- R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $(CF_2)_rCF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-CF_3$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-F$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-Br$ ,  $(CH_2)_r-C1$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_rCN$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rN=CHOR^3$ ,  $C(O)NH(CH_2)_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $C(O)NHSO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $S(O)_pR^5$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ ;

- $R^5$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^3$ , F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, NO<sub>2</sub>,  $(CH_2)_rNR^3R^{3a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^3$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{3c}$ ,  $NR^3C(0)R^{3a}$ ,  $C(0)NR^3R^{3a}$ ,  $NR^3C(0)NR^3R^{3a}$ ,  $CH(=NOR^{3d})$ ,  $C(=NR^3)NR^3R^{3a}$ ,  $CH(=NR^3)NR^3R^{3a}$ ,
- $R^6$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ , halo,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $NHC(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ , and  $NR^2SO_2C_{1-4}$  alkyl;
- 25 R<sup>7</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub>
  alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryloxycarbonyl,
  C<sub>6-10</sub> arylmethylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonyloxy C<sub>1-4</sub>
  alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> arylcarbonyloxy C<sub>1-4</sub>
  alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl,
  phenylaminocarbonyl, and phenyl C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl;

 $R^8$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, and  $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

- alternatively,  $R^7$  and  $R^8$ , when attached to the same nitrogen, combine to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring consisting of carbon atoms and 0-2 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(0)_p$ ;
- 10  $R^9$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, and  $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
  - n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;
- 15 m, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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- p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;
- r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;
- s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2; and,
  - t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

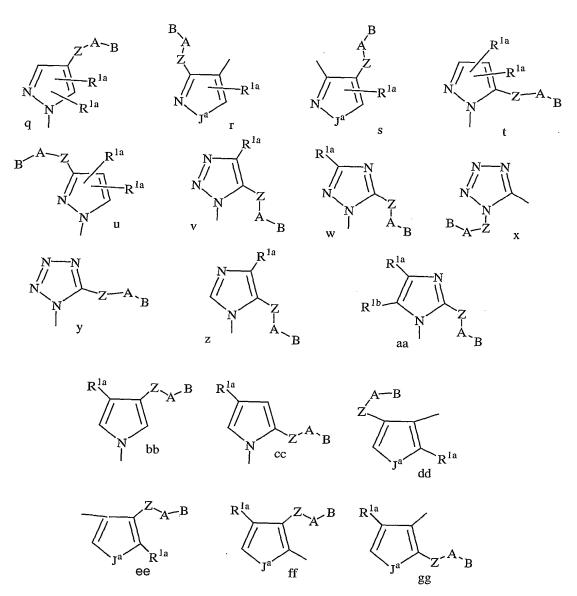
2. A compound according to Claim 1, wherein the compound is of formula  $Ia_1-Ic_1$ , wherein:

ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

- ring  $D_3$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring  $D_3$  is substituted with 1  $R^a$  and 0-1  $R^b$ ;
- 10 R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH$  ( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl);
- 15  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$  thioalkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 20  $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 25  $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_{2}CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 30  $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $CH_2$ , C(O), O,  $NR^3$ ,  $S(O)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $OCH_2$ ,  $CH_2O$ ,  $NR^3CH_2$ ,  $CH_2NR^3$ ,  $S(O)_pCH_2$ ,  $CH_2S(O)_p$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ ,  $C(O)CH_2CH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2$ , and  $CH_2CH_2S(O)_p$ , and

provided that  $G_1\text{-M}$  form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond;

M is selected from the group:



J is O or S; Ja is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>; 5  $G_1$  is absent or is selected from  $(CR^3R^{3a})_{1-3}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}C(O)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}O(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},$  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}C(O)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}$ ,  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}NR^{3}C(O)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{12}S(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W},$  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{11}S(0)(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W}, (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{12}S(0)_{2}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{W},$ 10  $(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w}, \ \ and \ \ (CR^{3}R^{3a})_{u}S(0)_{2}NR^{3}(CR^{3}R^{3a})_{w},$ wherein u + w total 0, 1, or 2, provided that  $G_1$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached; 15 A is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R4; phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, 20 isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 25 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, 30 benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl; X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}$ , -C(0),  $-C(=NR^{1c})$ ,  $-CR^{2}(NR^{1}CR^{2})$  -,  $-C(0)CR^{2}R^{2}a$  -,  $-CR^{2}R^{2}aC(0)$  ,  $-C(0)NR^{2}$  -,

 $-NR^{2}C(0) -$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{2}CR^{2}R^{2}a -$ ,  $-NR^{2}C(0)CR^{2}R^{2}a -$ ,

 $-CR^{2}R^{2a}C(0)NR^{2}-$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{2a}NR^{2}C(0)-$ ,  $-NR^{2}C(0)NR^{2}-$ ,  $-NR^{2}-$ ,  $-NR^{2}CR^{2}R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{2a}NR^{2}-$ , 0,  $-CR^{2}R^{2a}O-$ , and  $-OCR^{2}R^{2a}-$ ;

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R4a; 5 cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, 10 thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 15 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

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alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic heteroaryl ring systems:

$$R^{4a} \stackrel{N}{ \longrightarrow} R^{4a}, \qquad R^{4a} \stackrel{N}{ \longrightarrow}$$

- 25 K is selected from O, S, NH, and N;
  - Z is selected from a bond,  $CH_2O$ ,  $OCH_2$ , NH,  $CH_2NH$ ,  $NHCH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ , C(O)NH, NHC(O),  $CH_2S(O)_2$ ,  $S(O)_2(CH_2)$ ,  $SO_2NH$ , and  $NHSO_2$ , provided that Z does not form a N-N,

N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;

- R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ , F, Cl, Br, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(0)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(0)_pR^5$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $N(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ , S-6 membered carbocycle substituted with O-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and S-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  $S(0)_p$  substituted with  $S(0)_p$  substitut
- 15  $R^{4a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_TOR^2$ ,  $CF_3$ , F, Br, Cl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_TNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_TC(0)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NHC(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $C(0)NHSO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $S(0)_pR^5$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(0)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ .

3. A compound according to Claim 2, wherein the compound is of formula  ${\rm Ib_1}$  or  ${\rm Ic_1}$ , wherein:

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ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system

comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

- 5  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- $R^b$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N( $C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- $R^{C}$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_{2}$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CH_{2}NH_{2}$ ,  $CH_{2}NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $CH_{2}N(C_{1-3}$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole, thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,5-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,3-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran,

benzothiofuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone, benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, and isoindazole;

5 Z is selected from a bond,  $CH_2O$ ,  $OCH_2$ , NH,  $CH_2NH$ ,  $NHCH_2$ ,  $CH_2C(O)$ ,  $C(O)CH_2$ , C(O)NH, NHC(O),  $CH_2S(O)_2$ ,  $S(O)_2(CH_2)$ ,  $SO_2NH$ , and  $NHSO_2$ , provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $NCH_2N$ ,  $NCH_2O$ , or  $NCH_2S$  bond with either group to which it is attached;

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 $R^4$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ , F, C1, Br, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(O)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(O)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2SO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2SO_2R^5$ ,  $S(O)_pR^5$ ,  $CF_3$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(O)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ ; and,

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 $R^{4a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, =0,  $(CH_2)_rOR^2$ ,  $CF_3$ , F, Br, Cl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_rNR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{2c}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)R^{2b}$ ,  $C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $NR^2C(0)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(=NR^2)NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $SO_2NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $C(0)NHSO_2-C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $S(0)_pR^5$ , 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ , and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $S(0)_p$  substituted with 0-1  $R^5$ .

30

4. A compound according to Claim 3, wherein the compound is of formula  ${\rm Ib}_2\colon$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & M \\ \hline D_2 & U \\ \hline E & \end{array}$$

 $Ib_2$ 

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

5

ring  $D_2$  is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and  $N-R^C$  and ring  $D_2$  is substituted with 1 Ra and 0-1 Rb;

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R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  $C_{1-3}$  alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ alkyl), and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;

15  $R^a$  is selected from H, OH, SH,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$  alkyl), and  $N(C_{1-3}$ 

alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

 ${\rm R}^{\rm b}$  is selected from H,  ${\rm C}_{1-4}$  alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH,  ${\rm C}_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ,  $CH_2NH_2$ ,  $CH_2NH(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $CH_2N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$ ;

M is selected from the group:

- G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O), CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>), SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that G<sub>1</sub> does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached.
- 10 5. A compound according to Claim 4, wherein the compound is selected from one of the formulas:

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

G<sub>1</sub> is absent;

- 10 A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with  $0-2\ R^4$ ; and,
- B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>;
  - R<sup>2</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutyl, and cyclopentyl;

 $R^{2a}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CH_3$ , and  $CH_2CH_3$ ;

alternatively,  $R^2$  and  $R^{2a}$ , together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form pyrrolidine substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$  or piperidine substituted with 0-2  $R^{4b}$ :

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- $R^4$ , at each occurrence, is selected from OH,  $OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR^2$ , F, Br, Cl, I,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_NR^2R^{2a}$ ,  $(CH_2)_NR^2R^{2a}$ , and  $(CF_2)_NR^2R^{2a}$ ;
  - $R^{4a}$  is selected from  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $CF_3$ ,  $OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)OR^2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR^2, \ NR^2R^{2a}, \ (CH_2)NR^2R^{2a}, \ (CH_2)_2NR^2R^{2a}, \ SR^5, \ S(O)R^5, \\ S(O)_2R^5, \ SO_2NR^2R^{2a}, \ and \ 1-CF_3-tetrazol-2-yl;$
  - $R^{\mathrm{4b}}$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $CH_{\mathrm{3}}$ , and OH;
  - $R^5$ , at each occurrence, is selected from  $CF_3$ ,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, phenyl, and benzyl; and,
- r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
  - 6. A compound according to Claim 5, wherein:
  - A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 3-Cl-phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl; and,
    - B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,Ndimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-

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methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cycloputyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclopentyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(d-hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-hydroxypyrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.
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7. A compound according to Claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from the group:

- 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
- 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3
  trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,Ndimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
- 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
- 1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

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1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
          trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
 5
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
10
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-
         dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl) aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
15
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-
          [1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
20
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-
         biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-
25
         dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethy1-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethy1-
30
         [1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-
         dimethylamino)methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-
35
         fluorophenyl) aminocarbonyl pyrazole;
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1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-
         trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-
         fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
 5
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
10
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N, N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
15
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N, N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
20
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl) aminocarbonyl] pyrazole;
25
    1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-
         sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-
         yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;
    1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2'-
30 -
          [(dimethylamino)methyl]-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3-
          (trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide;
    1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-
35
          {[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-
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4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide; and,

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

10

8. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising: a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

- 9. A method for treating or preventing a thromboembolic disorder, comprising: administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.
- 10. A compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 for use 25 in therapy.
- 11. Use of a compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a thromboembolic disorder.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In tional Application No PCT/US 01/20112

Relevant to claim No.

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 C07D403/10 C07D417/10 C07D403/14 C07D417/14 C07D401/10
C07D413/10 C07D413/14 A61K31/41 A61K31/44 A61P7/02

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Category °

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

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